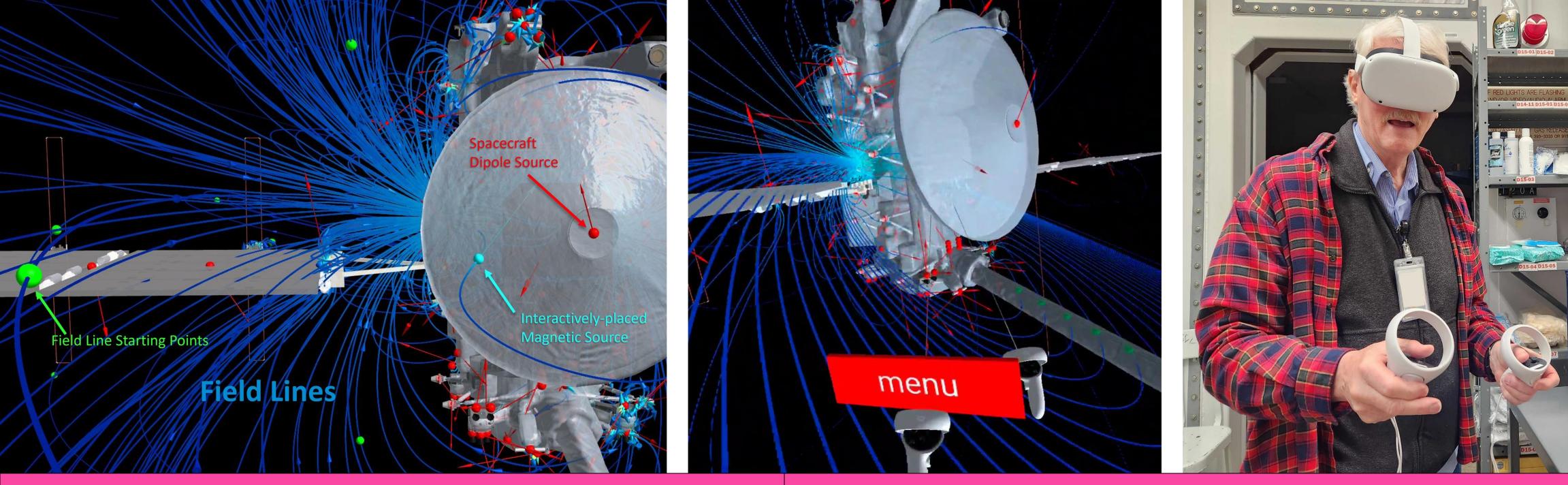


FY23 Innovative Spontaneous Concepts Research and Technology Development (ISC)

3D Magnetic Field Visualization for Improved Understanding & Communication between Science and Engineering Teams

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Objectives

- Demonstrate a technique that enables **rapid evaluation of magnetic cleanliness issues** and provides insight into potential solutions.
- Develop a novel approach to visualize spacecraft magnetic fields in 3D, in an immersive way and on the web, allowing for maximum accessibility and collaborative communication capabilities. This will enable a comprehensive view of spacecraft magnetic fields that will be matured as a mission progresses.

Background

- Spacecraft magnetic fields are very complex in nature (e.g., Europa Clipper has over 300 individual magnetic sources, which need to be tracked to ensure magnetic cleanliness). Fluctuations in spacecraft fields must be understood and minimized, as they can mask or even mimic signals of interest.
- Currently, the 3D nature of the magnetic field is simulated in Matlab, then visualized on 2D monitors. However, 2D views hide much of the information in the complex spacecraft magnetic field.

Approach & Results

Significance/Benefits to JPL & NASA

- Approach:
- Informal interviews with EMC engineers and electromagnetic SMEs
- Build initial prototype, using WebXR with three.js and React, and continually gather feedback from SMEs
- First-ever VR spacecraft magnetic field visualization tool
- User study results indicate strong potential usefulness for real-world electromagnetic tasks and public outreach
- Very well received by the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) team
- Support for both Europa Clipper and Psyche Spacecraft Models
- Web & VR UI, field tracing line options, adding new dipole sources
- Field tracing conversion to JS: ~10x speedup (100s down to 10s)
- Meta Quest 2 frame rate: ~45 FPS

User Study Results:

- 8 participants (4 w/ 10+ yrs. of mag. field experience, 3 w/ 2-5 yrs.)
- Users felt that the web UI has better precision and accessibility, while the VR UI gives a better "real-life view of the model"; another stated, "VR helps dramatically for seeing exactly where to implement things."
- 5 preferred "both web & VR," 2 preferred "only web," and 1 preferred "only VR."

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

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Clearance Number: CL#00-0000 Poster Number: RPC# Copyright 2023. All rights reserved. and science teams at NASA JPL. "This will be very useful to visualize the magnetic field interactions from [an] engineering perspective. We can then identify real world locations on how to mount or implement magnets. For public outreach, this gives people a chance to see magnetic fields and what it is doing, that can't be seen by the naked eye."

- Future Work:
 - Showing field information at specific locations
 - Visualizing constraints on points, areas, and volumes
 - Comparing simulation runs
 - Exporting data

Publications:

Benjamin Nuernberger, Corey J. Cochrane, Justin Williams, Lyle Klyne, Andreas Gottscholl, Hannes Kraus, Angelo Ryan Soriano, Pablo S. Narvaez, Chi-Chien Nelson Huang, Katherine Dang, Edward C. Gonzales, Neil Murphy, Carol A. Raymond, "Visualizing Spacecraft Magnetic Fields on the Web and in VR," *Proceedings of ACM symposium on User interface software and technology (UIST) 2023, (to appear, conference to be held October 29 – November 1)* https://doi.org/10.1145/3586182.3616618.

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